March 2005 Update: CPUC Actions To Ensure Summer 2005 Energy Supply

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The CPUC Continues To Implement the EAP Loading Order

- Adopt aggressive energy efficiency goals and new program structure.
- Develop robust demand response initiatives.
- Enhance rules for renewable procurement, review contracts.
- Adopt the IOUs long-term plans to ensure adequate and reliable service.
- Integrate DG costs and benefits with procurement and incentive programs.
- Transmission upgrades and new projects are underway.
- Natural gas pipelines and storage projects add needed capacity, while two proposed liquefied natural gas facilities could provide additional supply.

1. Robust Investments in Energy Efficiency Continue

- CPUC-authorized programs are expected to increase energy savings from 380 MWs in 2004 to 750 MWs by Summer 2005.
- In January 2005, the CPUC adopted a new program structure which returns the IOUs to program planning, oversight, and management.
- CPUC is reviewing SCE's application for approval of incremental energy efficiency programs.

CPUC-Authorized Programs Targeting Peak Demand

- Rebate programs: offer financial incentives to residential and nonresidential customers for purchase of energy efficient products
- Appliance recyling: provides cash incentives for surrender of older, inefficient refrigerators and freezers.
- Energy efficiency retrofits: provides incentives to distributors to stock and sell high efficiency products.

The Green Building Initiative Sets Building Efficiency Goals

- In December 2004, the Governor issued an Executive Order to increase energy efficiency in state buildings by 20%.
- The CPUC issued a ruling in December to establish options for existing programs to meet these objectives, and for policy recommendations for funding allocation and priorities in future years.
- In September 2005, the CPUC will submit a progress report to the Governor on meeting these goals.

2. Demand Response Programs Are Expected To Save Up To 2450 MWs In Summer 2005

Interruptibles

_	- No. California	386 MW
_	- So. California	956 MW

Day-Ahead Programs

Flex Your Power Now	500 MW
So. California	265 MW
No. California	410 MW

20/20 Programs

No. California	250 MW
So. California	172 MW
Incentives/Education/Outreach	15 MW

Voluntary Load Reduction
 172 MW

Examples Of Demand Response Programs Approved By The CPUC In January 2005

- Day-ahead programs: Demand Bidding, Demand Reserves Partnership, 20/20 (SDG&E only) for customers between 20-300 kW.
- Day-of reliability programs: Base Interruptibles, Air Conditioner Cycling, Smart Thermostat.
- Assistance, education, and outreach: Technology assistance and incentives, partnerships with schools, water districts, and communities, Flex Your Power Now, and 20/20 for small customers.

The CPUC To Address Peak Pricing Rates And Advanced Metering

- In January 2005, the IOUs filed applications for mandatory critical peak pricing tariffs for large commercial customers over 200 kw.
- A draft decision on these applications is anticipated by the end of March 2005.
- On March 15, 2005, PG&E and SDG&E filed their Advanced Metering Infrastructure (AMI) applications. SCE's application is due April 1.
 - PG&E proposes advanced metering deployment in 2006.

3. Enhanced Procurement Rules Accelerate CA Renewables Goals

- California's Renewable Portfolio Standard (RPS) establishes a target of 20% of energy needs from renewables in 2017.
- The CPUC established measures to advance the RPS goal of 20% by 2010:
 - Established contract terms and conditions.
 - Authorized a market price referent methodology to evaluate RPS bids.
 - Adopted a method to calculate transmission costs associated with new renewable development.
- PG&E and SDG&E will submit renewables contracts from their 2004 solicitations to the CPUC in 1st and 2nd quarters of 2005.
- SCE filed contracts with the CPUC on March 8, 2005, based on their 2003 interim solicitation.

The CPUC Is Exploring A Responsible Long-Term Solar Strategy

- \$200 million was allocated to solar incentives between 2001-2004.
- A March 7, 2005 ruling emphasized that the IOUs may borrow forward from 2006-2007 program budgets to fund eligible 2005 solar projects.
- The 2006 and 2007 budgets for solar, fuel cells, and combustion technologies is \$250 million.
- A Joint CPUC/CEC staff report proposing implementation strategies for the Governor's Solar Initiative is expected to be complete in late April.

4. Integrated Resource Plans Ensure Reliable, Affordable Electricity

- A December 2004 CPUC decision adopts the utilities' long-term procurement plans
 - Grants the IOUs procurement authority on a rolling 10-year basis.
 - Authorizes long-term power contracts.
 - Integrates renewables into general procurement.
 - Resolves IOU procurement cost recovery issues.
 - No preapproval required for contracts under 5 years
 - No recovery of initial capital costs over final bid price for utility-owned resources.

Load Serving Entities* Must Meet Resource Adequacy Standards

- The CPUC adopted a mandatory procurement schedule. LSE's must:
 - Acquire reserve margins of 15-17% by June 1, 2006.
 - Lock up 90% of summer requirements one year in advance.
 (90% of Summer 2006 energy purchases must be made by September 30, 2005.)
 - Purchase 100% of requirement one month in advance
- CPUC adopted uniform protocols for LSEs to forecast customer load and "count" resources.
- By June 2005, the CPUC will adopt rules regarding location procurement and deliverability.

^{*}Includes utilities, electric service providers, and community choice aggregators.

IOUs Must Meet Interim Reliability Measures For Summer 2005

- To assist the ISO with maintaining grid reliability, the CPUC directed the IOUs to:
 - Consider factors other than least-cost, such as transmission congestion and reliability, when purchasing and scheduling energy resources.
 - Include all anticipated ISO-related costs when evaluating procurement options.
 - Procure and schedule resources that will enhance local area reliability and minimize the need for more expensive ISO-procured contracts.
 - Seek cost recovery of certain above-market costs via FERC Reliability Services tariff.

PG&E And Mirant Resolve Claims Of Overcharges And Market Manipulation

- Approval by FERC and the bankruptcy court overseeing Mirant's Chapter 11 case is pending.
- PG&E would receive Mirant's interest in Contra Costa 8, an uncompleted modern 530 MW power plant, and would then seek CPUC approval to complete and operate the plant.
- PG&E would receive contracts (from 2006-2012) to dispatch power from certain RMR units at Mirant's Contra Costa and Pittsburg Power Plants when those units are not needed to meet local reliability needs.

The IOUs Solicit and Negotiate Power Contracts

- On February 23, 2005, PG&E filed an advice letter requesting CPUC approval to enter into a nearly 3-year tolling agreement with Duke Energy for 650 MW.
 - PG&E would receive the output from Morro Bay 3 and 4, at 325 MW each.
 - The contract term begins in 2005 and runs through December 2007.
- SCE issued a solicitation for intermediate—term commitments (2005 - 2008) on October 25, 2004.
 - Requested products included local reliability, system resources, and dispatchable & non-dispatchable peakers.
 - SCE executed agreements for thousands of MWs in late January 2005.

5. Incentives And Improved Interconnection Processes Spur Distributed Generation

- 480 MW of distributed generation was installed since 2000; another 175 MWs are pending IOU interconnection approval.
- In December 2004, the CPUC adopted improvements to the Self Generation Incentive Program.
 - Retained the \$125 million annual budget.
 - Reduced solar incentives to \$3.50/watt (from \$4.50/watt) effective December 16, 2004, and to \$3.00/watt on January 1, 2006.
 - Implemented emissions and efficiency standards.

The CPUC Will Adopt A DG Cost-Benefit Methodology In Summer 2005

- May 2005 hearings will solicit DG costbenefit proposals.
- The CPUC is scheduled to consider DG issues in June 2005.
 - Review and approve a cost-benefit methodology to evaluate DG for resource planning and incentive funding.
 - Address interconnection issues such as costs and metering, and assess IOU implementation of interconnection rules.

6. Transmission: New Projects, Streamlined Planning and Siting Processes

- Projects approved by the CPUC in 2004 will provide much-needed transmission capacity.
 - SDG&E's Mission-Miguel upgrade adds 250-350 MWs in Summer 2005; another 100 MWs by 2006.
 - PG&E's Jefferson-Martin transmission line adds 400 MWs of transmission capacity between San Francisco and the Peninsula by June 2006.
 - SCE's Viejo project adds 1,000 MWs in Orange County in 2006.
- CPUC, CEC, and ISO in discussions regarding streamlining of transmission planning and siting.

7. New Natural Gas Pipelines and Storage Projects Add Needed Capacity

- The El Paso pipeline project added 320 MMcfd capacity in 2004. Four other projects would add 690 MMcfd in 2005, and 1250 MMcfd by 2007.
- Projects completed in 2004 by PG&E and by Wild Goose added 12 Bcf of new storage capacity.
- Two proposed liquefied natural gas facilities off the coasts of California and Mexico could provide 2000 MMcfd capacity by 2008.